Administrative Risks with Foundations/Endowments

Presented By: Tani Fanic Fiduciary Compliance Manager Union Bank, N.A

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Overview of Presentation

- Introduction
- Under-distributions in Private Foundations
- Foundations and Discretionary Distributions
- Endowments and Investments
- Questions

Under-distributions in Private Foundations

- IRC \$\int_4942\$ (a.k.a. "The 5% Rule"): Annual qualifying disbursements must be at least 5% of the fair market value of non-charitable use assets (minimum investment return)
- Penalty for failing to distribute the required amount: 30% of the amount that should have been distributed
- There is a 12 month grace period to distribute any undistributed amount from the prior year

Under-distributions in Private Foundations (continued)

- A private foundation may carry forward, for up to five years, any qualifying disbursements above the minimum distribution amount
- Calculating distribution amount annually vs. "catching up" the next year
- Related Topic: Overpayments in Charitable Remainder Unitrusts
 - the trust could lose its charitable status if overpayment is not corrected within one year

Form 990-PF (2012)

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Discretionary Distributions

- Discretion over who to pay vs. how much to pay
- Determine approvals required: Bank only, Board of Trustees, or both
- Policies and Procedures
- Conflict of Interest: Employees as Board Members

Endowments and Investments

- The Board's investment policy statement
 - How much of the endowment's return should be spent and how much reinvested
 - The extent to which the operating budget should be supported by the endowment
 - Overall investment strategy
 - Responsibility for investment decisions

Endowments and Investments (continued)

- Current needs of the institution vs. the obligation to preserve the endowment
- The endowment must currently warn a total return equal to the spending rate, plus inflation, plus the cost of managing the endowment's funds
- Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA)

UPMIFA

uniform prudent management of institutional funds act

HIGHLIGHTS

- **Investment freedom.** Portfolio managers are not limited in the kinds of assets that may be sought for the portfolio. (Broader than UMIFA)
- **Costs.** Costs must be managed prudently in relationship to the assets, the purposes of the institution and the skills available to the institution. (Not addressed in UMIFA)
- **Expenditure of funds.** Total return expenditure is expressly authorized under comprehensive prudent standards relating to the whole economic situation of the charitable institution. (UMIFA does not address this standard)
- **Historic dollar value abolished.** UPMIFA abolishes the historic dollar value limitation on expenditure in UMIFA.
- **Seven percent rule.** States may adopt an optional rule that presumes expenditure exceeding 7% of total return is imprudent.
- Release of restrictions for small institutional funds. UPMIFA provides new procedures for releasing restrictions on small institutional funds (less than \$25,000) held for a long period of time (20 years), requiring only notice to the Attorney General 60 days in advance of the release. (Not addressed in UMIFA)
- **Application.** UPMIFA applies to funds held in any form, including nonprofit corporate form, except charitable trusts, with a commercial or individual trustee. (UMIFA applies only to endowments held by a charitable institution for its own account.)



Endowments and Investments (continued)

- Remember the Bank's Capacity
 - As Agent, Bank should only take direction from current authorized signers
 - Refrain from making accommodations for the client

QUESTIONS???

Tani Fanic
Fiduciary Compliance Manager
Union Bank, N.A
530 B St., Suite 1653
San Diego, CA 92101
tani.fanic@unionbank.com
619-230-4650